

ERG Flow Equation

— a simple example —

▷ Euclidean anharmonic oscillator

$$\mathcal{L} = \frac{m}{2} \dot{x}^2 + \frac{m}{2} \omega^2 x^2 + \frac{\lambda}{24} m^5 x^4$$

▷ Effective average action (truncation)

$$\Gamma_k = \int d\tau \left[\frac{m}{2} \dot{x}^2 + \frac{m}{2} \omega_k^2 x^2 + \frac{\lambda_k}{24} m^5 x^4 + \underline{\underline{E_{Gk}}} \right]$$

▷ IR cutoff

$$R_k = m k^2$$

▷ Flow equation

$$\underline{\underline{\partial_t \Gamma_k}} \equiv k \frac{d}{dk} \Gamma_k = \frac{1}{2} \text{Tr} \frac{\partial_t R_k}{\Gamma_k^{(2)} + R_k}$$

$$\stackrel{\text{trunc.}}{\approx} \frac{1}{2} \text{Tr} \frac{2 k^2}{-\partial_\tau^2 + \omega_k^2 + k^2 + \frac{\lambda_k}{2} m^4 x^2}$$

▷ Project RHS onto truncation

$$\frac{1}{2} \text{Tr} [\cdot] = \text{Tr} \left[\frac{k^2}{-\partial_t^2 + \omega_k^2 + k^2} \right] - \text{Tr} \left[\frac{k^2}{-\partial_t^2 + \omega_k^2 + k^2} \frac{\lambda_k m^4 x^2}{2} \frac{k^2}{-\partial_t^2 + \omega_k^2 + k^2} \right] + \mathcal{O}(x^4) \quad (\text{field expansion})$$

▷ Compare with LHS

$$\partial_t \Gamma_k = \int d\tau \left[\partial_t \underline{E_{Gk}} + \frac{m}{2} (\partial_t \underline{\omega_k^2}) x^2 + \dots \right]$$

▷ Flows of the "couplings"

$$\frac{d}{dk} E_{Gk} = \frac{1}{2} \frac{k}{\sqrt{\omega_k^2 + k^2}} - \frac{1}{2} \quad \uparrow \text{B.C. at } k=\Lambda_{uv}$$

$$\frac{d}{dk} \omega_k^2 = - \frac{\lambda_k m^3 k}{4 (\omega_k^2 + k^2)^{3/2}}$$

$$\frac{d}{dk} \lambda_k = \frac{g}{8} \frac{\lambda_k^2 m^3 k^2}{(\omega_k^2 + k^2)^{5/2}}$$

▷ 1st. order approximation: $\lambda_k \rightarrow \lambda = \text{const.}$

perturbative expansion:

$$E_G = \lim_{k \rightarrow 0} E_{Gk} = \frac{1}{2} \omega + \frac{3}{4} \omega \left(\frac{\lambda}{4! \omega^3} \right) - \frac{81}{40} \omega \left(\frac{\lambda}{4! \omega^3} \right)^2 + \dots$$

perturbation theory (BENDER & WU)

$$E_G^{\text{PT}} = \frac{1}{2} \omega + \frac{3}{4} \omega \left(\frac{\lambda}{4! \omega^3} \right) - \frac{105}{40} \omega \left(\frac{\lambda}{4! \omega^3} \right)^2 + \dots$$

$\Rightarrow$ "1 loop" exact, "2 loop" 20% error

▷ strong - coupling limit ($m = 1 = \omega$)

$$E_G = \left(\frac{\lambda}{4!} \right)^{1/3} \left[\alpha_0 + \alpha_1 \left(\frac{\lambda}{4!} \right)^{-2/3} + \dots \right]$$

(JANKE & KLEINERT)

$$\alpha_0^{\text{JK}} = 0.66798 \dots$$

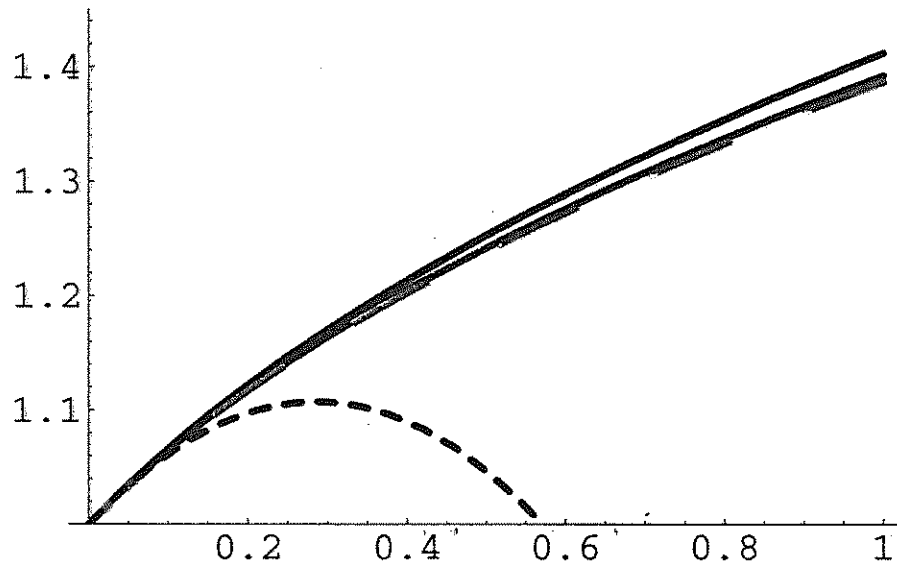
$$\alpha_0^{1\text{st}} = 0.69372 \dots \quad (\text{error } 4\%)$$

$$\alpha_0^{2\text{nd}} = 0.66007 \dots \quad (\text{error } 1\%)$$

(incl. λ_k)

Anharmonic Oscillator with ERG methods

▷ ground state energie $E_G(\frac{m^5}{4!}\lambda)$ ($m = 1/2, \omega = 2$)



———— exact solution

———— 1st order approximation (error < 1.5%)

- - - - 2nd order approximation (incl. running of λ)
(error < 0.4%)

- - - - 2nd order perturbation theory